

www.nipponsteel.com www.nipponsteel.com/en/product/stainless/nssc/campaigns/duplex/

NIPPON STEEL



EXPERIENCE KNOWLEDGE INNOVATION

NET ZERO NIPPON STEEL Green Transformation initiative

NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION

NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION

2-6-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8071, Japa Tel: +81-3-6867-4111 DUPLEX STAINLESS STEEL S013en_01_202504f © 2025 NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION

LEX S STEEL



NSSC DUPLEX Stainless Steel

INDEX

- P_03-04 Features of NIPPON STEEL's original duplex stainless steel
- P_05 Duplex stainless steel lineup
- P_06 Physical properties/Mechanical properties
- P_07-08 NIPPON STEEL's original duplex stainless steel
- P_09-12 Characteristics of duplex stainless steel
- P_13-16 Examples of Applications
- P_17 Precautions for Use
- P_18 Applicable Standards
- P_19-20 Specifications



Real Innovation

New value is added to society by a fusion between cutting edge materials developed entirely from the user perspective and the creativity required to make best use of them.

Notice:"NSSC" is a trademark of NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION. While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained within this publication, the use of the information is at the reader's risk and no warranty is implied or expressed by NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION with respect to the use of the information contained herein. The information in this publication is subject to change or modification without notice. Please contact the NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION office for the latest information. Please refrain from unauthorized reproduction corpusing of the contents of this publication are trademarks or registered trademarks of NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION of file actionare trademarks or registered trademarks of NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION or affiliated companies, or third parties granting rights to NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION or affiliated companies. Other product or service names shown may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Features of NIPPON STEEL's original duplex stainless steel

Metal structure of duplex stainless steel

NIPPON STEEL's original duplex stainless steel achieves a large improvement in weldability! ×





NIPPON STEEL's original stainless duplex stainless steel features greatly improved welding workability.*





Time

Duplex stainless steel lineup

A wide lineup is available ranging from resource-saving Lean grade to the Super grade which can withstand seawater.

Users can choose the steel grade that is most suitable for the service environment.



| Classification | NSSC standard/ JIS standard | ASTM standard (UNS) | | | *2) CI | Products that can be provided |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|----|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Lean Duplex | NSSC 2120™ (SUS821L1) | * ³⁾ 582122 | 21Cr-2Ni-3Mn-Cu-0.17N | 25 | 26 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| | SUS323L | \$32304 | 23Cr-4Ni-0.15N | 27 | 27 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| Standard Duplex | NSSC™ 2351 (SUS329J1) | _ | 23Cr-5Ni-1Mo-0.17N | 30 | 32 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| | SUS329J3L | S31803 S32205 | 22Cr-5Ni-3Mo-0.15N | 34 | 38 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| | SUS329J4L | S31260 | 25Cr-6Ni-3Mo-0.15N | 36 | 41 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| Super Duplex | SUS327L1 | S32750 | 25Cr-7Ni-4Mo-0.28N | 42 | 49 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| | SUS304 | S30400 | 18Cr-8Ni-Low N | 19 | 19 | Coil&Sheets, |
| | SUS316L | \$31603 | 18Cr-12Ni-2.5Mo-Low C-N | 26 | 28 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| Austenitic | SUS317L | \$31703 | 18Cr-12Ni-3.5Mo-Low C-N | 30 | 32 | Coil&Sheets, Plates, rods |
| | SUS312L | S31254 | 20Cr-18Ni-6Mo-0.2N | 43 | 50 | Coil&Sheets, Plates |

*1) PREN= Cr%+3.3xMo%+16N%(pitting resistance equivalent number)

*2) CI=Cr%+4.1Mo%+27N%(crevice corrosion index)

*3) Flat products

Physical properties (reference values)

| Classification | NSSC standard/ JIS standard | Density (g/cm ³) | Modulus of longitudinal elasticity (kN/mm²) | Specific heat (kJ/kg/℃) | Specific electric resistivity (10 ⁻⁸ Ωm) | Thermal conductivity (W/m/°C) | Coefficient of linear expansion (×10⁻⁰/℃) | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Lean Duplex | NSSC 2120™ (SUS821L1) | 7.80 | 200 | 0.5 | 80 | 16.0 | 13.7 | |
| | SUS323L | 7.80 | 200 | 0.5 | 80 | 16.0 | 13.0 | |
| Standard | NSSC™ 2351 (SUS329J1) | 7.80 | 200 | 0.5 | 80 | 15.2 | 13.1 | |
| Duplex | SUS329J3L | 7.80 | 200 | 0.5 | 80 | 12.5 | 13.7 | |
| | SUS329J4L | 7.80 | 200 | 0.5 | 80 | 13.4 | 13.4 | |
| Super Duplex | SUS327L1 | 7.80 | 200 | 0.5 | 80 | 14.0 | 13.0 | |
| | SUS304 | 7.93 | 193 | 0.5 | 72 | 16.3 | 17.3 | |
| Austenitic | | | | | | | | |
| | SUS316L | 7.98 | 193 | 0.5 | 74 | 16.3 | 16.0 | |
| *1) Density values ref | erence the JIS stand | ard. | Sources: Duplex Stainless Steel Machining Manual (IMOA) Best Uses of Duplex Stainless Steel (The Society of Materials Science, Japan | | | | | |

our company.

Mechanical properties (reference values)

| Classification | NSSC standard/ JIS standard | Finish | Thickness (mm) | 0.2% yield strength (MPa) | Tensile strength (MPa) | Elongation (%) | Hardness HV |
|----------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Lean Duplex | NSSC 2120™ (SUS821L1) | 2B 2B | 1.5 3.0 | 570 544 | 792 759 | 31 35 | 256 244 |
| | SUS323L | 2B | 1.5 | 580 | 790 | 30 | 253 |
| Standard | NSSC™ 2351 (SUS329J1) | 2B 2B | 1.5 3.0 | 613 608 | 830 809 | 29 31 | 264 255 |
| Duplex | SUS329J3L | 2B | 1.5 | 641 | 867 | 28 | 277 |
| | SUS329J4L | 2B | 1.5 | 686 | 868 | 25 | 293 |
| Super Duplex | SUS327L1 | 2B | 1.5 | 725 | 955 | 26 | 313 |
| | SUS304 | 2B | 1.5 | 300 | 654 | 56 | 170 |
| Austenitic | SUS316L | 2B 2B | 1.5 | 281 | 561 | 53 | 143 |

06

SSC 2120™ and NSSC™ 2351 are sample i ents by

NIPPON STEEL's Duplex Series

Utilizing the high strength and high corrosion resistance makes possible VE by changing from regular stainless steel and other materials.



- Utilizing the higher strength makes thinner 3 and lighter-weight designs possible.
- When switching from carbon steel, there is a limited initial increase in cost, however the overall life cycle costs are reduced.

Water supply

and sewerage

River mouth

weir

Dam

Flood gate

NSSC 2120¹¹

Drainage pump station

Building

materials

Weir



and lighter-weight designs are possible and

Changing from high-grade materials(avoiding

excessively high specifications) can achieve a

life cycle costs can be reduced.

large reduction in cost.

Bridge

Factory

NSSC[™] 2351

- River facilities Fresh water environment:NSSC 2120™ Brackish water environment:NSSC[™] 2351
- Buildings and civil engineering Inland environment:NSSC 2120™ Coastal environment:NSSC[™] 2351
- Tanks and other factory equipment Equipment using TYPE304: NSSC 2120™ Equipment using TYPE316L:NSSC[™] 2351
- *For a full seawater environment, S31260 or Super Duplex \$32750 is recommended.

NSSC 2120[™] and NSSC[™] 2351 weldability

High heat-input welding is possible. The recommended heat input range for NSSC 2120[™] and NSSC[™] 2351 is larger than conventional duplex stainless steel, allowing high heat-input welding.



NSSC 2120[™] and NSSC[™] 2351 weld corrosion resistance

FCAV

NSSC 2120[™] weld corrosion resistance is equal to or greater than that of TYPE304 welds.

Corrosion resistance in a neutral high-salinity environment (Critical pitting temperature)



NSSC[™] 2351 weld corrosion resistance is equal to or greater than that of TYPE316L welds.

Sample pitting potentials of base metal and welds



Welding efficiency is greatly increased by the use of high heat-input welding.

Because SAW high heat-input welding can be used, efficient welding is possible (2× or more compared to ordinary welding). It is particularly suitable for construction of large-size structures.



Exposure test results

Exposed for 1 year approximately 30 m from the ocean on the coast of Yamaguchi Prefecture. TIG welding was performed at the center, followed by pickling.

Weldability

NSSC 2120™ NSSC™ 2351



Ferric chloride test results JIS G 0578-B 72 h 15°C TIG welding, 3 mmt, V-groove, 2 passes, Ar shield Filler used (YM-DP8/2351, YM-316L/316L)



Characteristics of duplex stainless steel

Utilizing the material high strength makes thinner and lighter-weight designs possible. *Concept image



TYPE304 full thread



Typical examples of mechanical properties JIS Z 2201 (No.14) 0.2% yield strength Tensile strength type N/mm² N/mm² Product type NSSC 2120™ full thread 600 801

Comparison of design standard strengths

[Design strength] *When designed for yield strength



High strength

[Stress-strain curve]



Relationship of thickness and deformation load (example) 120 ີ້ ອົງ100 dP 80 60 40 20 0.0 0.5 2.0 2.5 1.0 1.5 Thickness t (mm)

2boy_t







TYPE304 full thread 486 643

Potential for reduced thickness at bending tests (trial calculations) Compared with TYPE304, thickness can be reduced by 25%.

PREN=[Cr]+3.3[Mo]+16[N](pitting resistance equivalent number) Exposure test Results from exposure for 1 year in SE Asia ocean NSSC 2120™ NSSC[™] 2351 TYPE316L TYPE304 0

S32304

TYPE316L

TYPE317L

35

Wide range of steel grade variations

32750

S31260

S31803

\$31254

No pitting

50

40 45

Pitting resistance in a chloride environment

NSSC[™] 2351

15 20 25 30

Base metal data

NSSC 2120™

:Duplex

TYPE304

tting

70

40

10

tempera (°C) 5 09 09 60

Excellent stress corrosion cracking resistance (SCC resistance) Compared to austenitic stainless steel in the same class, duplex stainless steel has superior stress corrosion cracking resistance (SCC resistance) in a chloride environment.











SCC resistance improvement mechanism It was confirmed that the crack end branches at the $\alpha\gamma$ interface.



 γ =Austenite phase

Characteristics of duplex stainless steel

Relaxing of thermal strain

Compared to austenitic stainless steel, the coefficient of linear expansion is lower. This can be expected to produce longer lifetimes in equipment where thermal strain is a problem.





Coefficient of linear expansion = $\Delta L/L$ (per 1°C)

Excellent polishing property



NSSC 2120[™] provides superior polishing property, with the finish (yellow box) after 1 pass equivalent to the finish after 3 passes with TYPE304, making it possible to reduce the man-hours required for polishing.



It is thought that buffing performance is affected by the differences in the grain boundary depth that can be seen in the material surface after pickling.

Price stability

Uses much smaller amounts of Ni and Mo - expensive materials that are subject to price fluctuations.

| Comparison of main components | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------------------|----|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | TYPE304 | TYPE304 NSSC 2120™ | | TYPE316L | NSSC™ 2351 | | | | |
| Ni | 8% | 2% | Ni | 12% | 5% | | | | |
| Мо | 0% | 0% | Мо | 2.5% | 1% | | | | |
| Cr | 18% | 21% | Cr | 18% | 23% | | | | |









Graph of fluctuation in rare metal prices

Examples of Applications



- 01. Pedestrian overpass (SUS821L1)
- 02. NS Smart Inspection Walkway (SUS821L1) NETIS registration No. HK-200018-A
- 03. Underwater beam (SUS821L1) Duplex stainless steel, bolts (NSSC 2120™) NETIC registration No. CG-200011-A
- 04. Dam discharge facility (SUS821L1)











- 05. Dust remover (SUS821L1)
- 06. Drain sluice (SUS323L)
- 07. Seawater-resistant screen (SUS327L1)
- 08. Tide embankment floodwall gate (SUS821L1)
- 09. Mega-scale solar panel frame (SUS821L1)
- 10. Spray dryer (SUS821L1)













Examples of Applications



- 11. Storm surge gate (SUS323L)
- 12. Cargo hold of general cargo ship
- 13. Cylindrical tank (SUS821L1)
- 14. Steelmaking service reservoir (SUS329J4L or other)
- 15. Food product tank (SUS329J1)
- 16. Sanitary tank

(SUS821L1, SUS329J1, or other)



- 17. Sterile tray (SUS821L1) 18. Home door frame (SUS821L1)
- 19. Disaster supply storage facility (SUS821L1 or other) (Including bolts, nuts, and washers)Duplex stainless steel, full-thread bolts (NSSC 2120™) NETIS registration No. CG-200011-A
- 20. Truck cargo bed (SUS821L1, SUS329J1)
- 21. Balcony railings for high-rise apartment building "Skyplex" (SUS821L1)
- 22. Stainless pipe(SUS821L1)
- 23. Swimming pool (SUS821L1)



























Precautions for Use

(1)Forming

- Because these are high-strength stainless steels, formability is not the same as austenitic stainless steel .
- Although drawing is possible to the same shape as austenitic stainless steel , because the deformation load is approximately 10% higher, check the equipment capacity. It may be necessary to adjust dies, lubricating conditions, or other factors.
- Adjustment is necessary when bending due to the large spring-back.
- Cutting performance and drilling performance are equal to or better than austenitic stainless steel .

(2)Welding

- NSSC original duplex stainless steel features greatly improved weldability and allows welding under approximately the same conditions as austenitic stainless steel.
- However special welding material is recommended. Although welding without welding material is possible, it is necessary to check the weld characteristics in advance.

(3)Recommended service temperature

• The recommended service temperature range is -50 to 300°C, narrower than that of austenitic stainless steel (-196 to 850°C).

Precautions when welding duplex stainless steel

- 1. In order to suppress the precipitation of carbonitrides and structural changes, avoid excessive or insufficient welding heat input.
- 2. Limit the interpass temperature to 100 to 150°C.
- 3. Because low-temperature cracking caused by hydrogen is possible, avoid the use of H2 in the shield gas.
- 4. Be sure to fully remove the welding scale.

Welding materials for carbon steel and different stainless steels

| | | Lean Duplex | Standard | d Duplex | Super Duplex |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | NSSC 2120™ S82122 S32304 | NSSC™ 2351 S31803 S32205 | S31260 | S32750 |
| Lean Duplex | NSSC 2120™ S82122 S32304 | Similar metal (lean duplex steel) TYPE2209 | TYPE2209 | TYPE2209 | TYPE2209 |
| Standard Duplex | NSSC™ 2351 S31803 S32205 | TYPE2209 | TYPE2209 | TYPE2594 | Similar metal (super duplex steel) |
| | S31260 | TYPE2209 | TYPE2594 | TYPE2594 | Similar metal (super duplex steel) |
| Super Duplex | \$32750 | TYPE2209 | Similar metal (super duplex steel) | Similar metal (super duplex steel) | Similar metal (super duplex steel) |
| Austenitic stainless steel | TYPE304 | Type2209 309L/309 309LMo/309Mo | TYPE2209 309LMo/309Mo | TYPE2209 309LMo/309Mo | TYPE2209 309LMo/309Mo |
| stanness steet | TYPE316L | TYPE2209 309LMo | TYPE2209 309LMo | TYPE2209 309LMo | TYPE2209 309LMo |
| Carbon steel Low-alloy steel | SS400 SM490 Others | TYPE2209 309L/309 309LMo/309Mo | TYPE2209 309L/309 309LMo/309Mo | TYPE2209 309L/309 309LMo/309Mo | TYPE2209 309L/309 309LMo/309Mo |

Example of suitable TIG welding conditions



Applicable Standards and Other Official Standards

NETIS registration No. QS-120023-VE NSSC 2120[™] registration in NETIS

NSSC 2120[™] and S32304 (SUS323L) are the first stainless steel materials to be registered in the New Technology Information System (NETIS) operated by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism. QS-120023-VE Lean duplex stainless steel (NSSC 2120[™], S32304 (SUS323L))

M-650 ED.4

NORSOK certification

The following duplex stainless steels have been certified as steel suitable for marine structures.

S31803 (MDS D45) \$32205 (MDS D45) S32750 (MDS D55)

Public standards that can be provided

| | NSSC 2120™ | SUS323L | NSSC™ 2351 | SUS329J3L | SUS329J4L | SUS327L1 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| JIS G 4304: Hot-rolled stainless steel plate, sheet and strip JIS G 4305: Cold-rolled stainless steel plate, sheet and strip | O SUS821L1 | 0 | O SUS329J1 (≥2mm thickness) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| JIS G 4303: Stainless steel bars JIS G 4308: Stainless steel wire rods | SUS821L1 (JIS G 4303) | (JIS G 4303) | O SUS329J1 | 0 | 0 | (JIS G 4303) |
| JIS B 8265: Construction of pressure vessel – General principles (safety factor 4) JIS B 8267: Construction of pressure vessel (safety factor 3.5) | (JIS B 8267) | (JIS B 8267) | O SUS329J1 (≥2mm thickness) | 0 | 0 | (JIS B 8267) |
| NK ship class | O KSUS821L1 | | O KSUS329J1 | KSUS329J3L | | |
| ASTM A240/240M: Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications | O 582122 | O 532304 | | O S31803 S32205 | O 531260 | O 532750 |

Awards

NSSC 2120™

6th Monodzukuri Nippon Grand Awards Received the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry Award.

Specifications

Hot-rolled plate (4Hi)

| Classification | Grade | 0.2% yield strength | | 0 | | Iness |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------|-------|-----|------|-------|
| | | (MPa) | (MPa) | (%) | HB | HRC |
| | NSSC 2120™ | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧30 | ≦290 | ≦32 |
| Lean Duplex | S82122 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧30 | ≦290 | ≦32 |
| | S32304 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≦290 | ≦32 |
| | NSSC™ 2351 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≦277 | ≦29 |
| Standard Duplex | S31803 | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧25 | ≦293 | ≦31 |
| | S32205 | ≧450 | ≧655 | ≧25 | ≦293 | ≦31 |
| Super Duplex | S32750 | ≧550 | ≧795 | ≧15 | ≦310 | ≦32 |
| | | | | | | |
| | TYPE304 | ≧205 | ≧515 | ≧40 | ≦201 | - |
| Austenitic | TYPE316L | ≧170 | ≧485 | ≧40 | ≦217 | - |
| Austenitic | TYPE317L | ≧205 | ≧515 | ≧40 | ≦217 | - |
| | S31254 | ≧310 | ≧655 | ≧35 | ≦223 | - |

(1MPa=1N/mm²)

Cold-rolled sheet and strip

| Classification | Grade | Thickness | 0.2% yield strength | Tensile strength | Elongation | Hardness | | |
|------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|------------|----------|-----|--------------|
| Classification | Glade | (mm) | (MPa) | (MPa) | (%) | HB | HRC | HV |
| | NSSC 2120™ | <3.0 | ≧500 | ≧700 | ≧25 | ≦290 | ≦32 | ≦320 |
| | | ≧3.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧30 | ≦290 | ≦32 | ≦320 |
| Lean Duplex | S82122 | <3.0 | ≧500 | ≧700 | ≧25 | ≦290 | ≦32 | - |
| | | ≧3.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧30 | ≦290 | ≦32 | - |
| | S32304 | - | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≦290 | ≦32 | - |
| Characterized Database | NSSC™ 2351 | <2.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧20 | ≦302 | ≦32 | ≦320 |
| | | ≧2.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧20 | ≦277 | ≦29 | ≦292 |
| Standard Duplex | S31803 | | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧25 | ≦293 | ≦31 | - |
| | S32205 | | ≧450 | ≧655 | ≧25 | ≦293 | ≦31 | - |
| Super Duplex | \$32750 | - | ≧550 | ≧795 | ≧15 | ≦310 | ≦32 | - |
| | TYPE304 | - | ≧205 | ≧515 | ≧40 | ≦201 | - | - |
| Austanitia | TYPE316L | | ≧170 | ≧485 | ≧40 | ≦217 | - | - |
| Austenitic | TYPE317L | | ≧175 | ≧480 | ≧40 | ≦187 | - | - |
| | S31254 | <5.0 | ≧310 | ≧690 | ≧35 | ≦223 | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | $1 N / mm^2$ |

(1MPa=

Hot-rolled sheet and strip

| Classification | Grade | Thickness | 0.2% yield strength | Tensile strength | Elongation | | Hardness | |
|-----------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|------------|------|----------|------|
| Classification | Grade | (mm) | (MPa) | (MPa) | (%) | HB | HRC | HV |
| | NSSC 2120™ | >2.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≦290 | ≦32 | ≦320 |
| Lean Duplex | S82122 | ≧3.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧30 | ≦290 | ≦32 | - |
| | S32304 | - | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≦290 | ≦32 | - |
| | NSSC™ 2351 | <6.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧20 | ≦277 | ≦29 | ≦292 |
| | | ≧6.0 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≦277 | ≦29 | ≦292 |
| Standard Duplex | S31803 | - | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧25 | ≦293 | ≦31 | - |
| | S32205 | - | ≧450 | ≧655 | ≧25 | ≦293 | ≦31 | - |
| Super Duplex | S32750 | - | ≧550 | ≧795 | ≧15 | ≦310 | ≦32 | - |
| | TYPE304 | - | ≧205 | ≧515 | ≧40 | ≦201 | - | - |
| Austenitic | TYPE316L | - | ≧170 | ≧485 | ≧40 | ≦217 | - | - |
| Austennuc | TYPE317L | - | ≧175 | ≧480 | ≧40 | ≦187 | - | - |
| | S31254 | <5.0 | ≧310 | ≧690 | ≧35 | ≦223 | - | - |

(1MPa=1N/mm²)

Wires and rods

| Classification | Grade/UNS | Diameter | 0.2% yield strength | Tensile strength | Elongation | Reduction | | Hardness | | | |
|--------------------|------------|----------|---------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------|----------|---------|--|--|
| Classification | Grade/UNS | (mm) | (Ń/mm²) | (N/mm²) | (%) | of area(%) | HB | HRC | HV | | |
| | NSSC 2120™ | ≦¢75 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≧40 | ≦290 | ≦32 | ≦310 | | |
| Lean Duplex | SUS821L1 | ≦¢75 | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≧40 | ≦290 | ≦32 | ≦310 | | |
| | SUS323L | | ≧400 | ≧600 | ≧25 | ≧40 | ≦290 | ≦32 | ≦310 | | |
| | SUS329J1 | | ≧390 | ≧590 | ≧18 | ≧40 | ≦277 | ≦29 | ≦292 | | |
| Chan david Duralau | SUS329J3L | | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧18 | ≧40 | ≦302 | ≦32 | ≦320 | | |
| Standard Duplex | TYPE31803 | | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧18 | ≧40 | ≦302 | ≦32 | ≦320 | | |
| | TYPE32205 | | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧18 | ≧40 | ≦302 | ≦32 | ≦320 | | |
| | SUS329J4L | | ≧450 | ≧620 | ≧18 | ≧40 | ≦302 | ≦32 | ≦320 | | |
| Current Duraleur | 611620714 | ≦¢50.8 | ≧550 | ≧800 | ≧15 | ≧40 | ≦310 | ≦32 | ≦330 | | |
| Super Duplex | SUS327L1 | >ø50.8 | ≧515 | ≧760 | ≧15 | ≧40 | ≦310 | ≦32 | ≦330 | | |
| Steel for welding | ER2209 | | - | - | - | - | | - | - | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TYPE304 | | ≧205 | ≧520 | ≧40 | ≧60 | ≦187 | - | ≦200 | | |
| Austenitic | TYPE316L | - | ≧175 | ≧480 | ≧40 | ≧60 | ≦187 | - | ≦200 | | |
| | TYPE317L | | ≧175 | ≧480 | ≧40 | ≧60 | ≦187 | - | ≦200 | | |
| | | | | | | | | (1MPa= | 1N/mm²) | | |

NSSC[™]Duplex

NIPPON STEEL Kyushu Works Thick Plate Plant

20

THE PT

Total cost saving with NIPPON STEEL's original duplex stainless steel!





Creating the future one step ahead

NSSC Duplex

22

Search